

# 34.5/115 kV Solar Power Plant & Substation Senior Design Project

Senior Design Team 18 - May 2024

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**BLACK & VEATCH**



# Agenda

- Safety Moment
- Calculations
- Equipment Updates
- AutoCAD Update
- ETAP
- Feedback



# Safety Moment - Injury Treatment & Reporting

- Most common injuries:
  - Overexertion-related pain
  - Sprains, strains, and tears
  - Cuts, lacerations, and puncture wounds
- According to National Safety Council, in 2017, nearly 4.6 million medically consulter work injuries costing over \$161.5 billion
- First course of action is to determine severity of injury and contact 911 if needed
- Reporting an injury:
  - After treatment, report injury to workers' compensation carrier
  - Provide as much information as possible about injury and how it occurred
  - Depending on severity a report may need to be filed with OSHA



# Calculations

## AC Load Calculation :

### Assumptions

1. 180VA load per Outlet assumed as worst case
2. The worst case scenario will be as follows:
  - a) Time of day: Day (no lights on).
  - b) Temperature: 90 deg F (all Transformer fans on).
  - c) Battery: Deep discharge (charger on full).
3. Worst case tripping conditions shall be as follows:
  - a) XXXX fault
    - (1) XXX Breaker will trip
    - (1) XXX Breaker will trip

↳ Ratings estimated.

### Calculations

The continuous 120/240VAC single phase loads are as follows:

	Quantity	Load/Unit(W)	Amps (ea)	Voltage(V)	Total(W)	Amps Total	
AC Panel - Control Building	Breaker Recepticle and Lights	1	210	1.75	120	210	1.75
	Transformer Fans	1	24,000	100.00	240	24,000	100.00
	Transformer Sump Pump	1	2,000	8.33	240	2,000	8.33
	Control House Lighting	20	36	0.30	120	720	6.00
	Yard Lights	1	55	0.46	120	55	0.46
	HVAC System	1	10,000	41.67	240	10,000	41.67
	Fire Detection Equipment	1	150	1.25	120	150	1.25
	Exhaust Fan	1	132	1.10	120	132	1.10
				#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!
				#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!
				#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!
				#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!
				#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!
				#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!
	<b>Worst Case Tripping:</b>						
			#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!	
			#DIV/0!		0	#DIV/0!	
<b>Total Worst Case AC Panel Load</b>					37,267	#DIV/0!	
<b>Total Worst Case Load (+10 %)</b>					<b>40,994</b>	<b>#DIV/0!</b>	

### Sizing Recommendations:

Station Service - XXXVA  
 MTS, Safety Switch - XXXA

recommend XXXA Station Service Equipment

1. Breaker tripping load is temporary
2. 10% worst case scenario is added to the final value

[https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1hwF8cv3VBiy1\\_Yih5wwwBzs9P8UB\\_BBc/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=101132689819119398819&rtpof=true&sd=true](https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1hwF8cv3VBiy1_Yih5wwwBzs9P8UB_BBc/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=101132689819119398819&rtpof=true&sd=true)



# Calculations

## DC Load & Battery Sizing :

- Fill out the DC Load Profile below. Read the assumptions and notes below the table.
- Determine and record the current load amounts for 3 periods:
  - Period 1: T=0min Fault occurs, relays detect. Breakers Trip due to relay operation.
  - Period 2: T=1min Breakers are open, everything else is simply running.
  - Period 3: T=240min Fault is cleared, relays operate to close Breakers
- Create an account for the Enersys Battery Sizing Program <https://bsp.enersys.com/bsp/index.do> and enter your parameters to obtain a full battery system and PDF of the sizing report. This should give you a breakdown of the Amp-hours for the time periods determined.

Some notes on the table above and how to use it:

- Continuous load will be the above parameters **NOT INCLUDING** the trip coils from the breakers.
  - Keep in mind, there will be more than one of each type of relay, use your zones of protection to keep in mind how many of each there are.
    - 34.5kV Feeder position (array) – Primary SEL-411L, Backup SEL-451
    - Transformer Position – Primary SEL-487E, Backup SEL-451
    - 115kV Line Position – Primary SEL-411L, Backup SEL-311L
- There will be 3 periods of operation:
  - Period 1: T=0min Fault occurs, relays detect. Breakers Trip due to relay operation.
  - Period 2: T=1min Breakers are open, everything else is simply running.
  - Period 3: T=240min Fault is cleared, relays operate to activate the Breaker close-coils, bringing the Breakers back into the closed position for normal operation.
- Last item listed are LED Lamps. These will be placed around the substation yard to illuminate important equipment and cabinets. Assume we have 8 of these.
- Assume a 60 Cell system
- Use device cut-sheets to find SEL parameters (you will need to create an account, should be quick to create!) for the relay current-draw.

## DC Load & Battery Sizing (IEEE 485)

Extra Reference: [https://ewh.ieee.org/r3atlanta/ias/2014-2015\\_Presentations/2015-04-20\\_EEE%20IAS%20Stationary%20Battery%20Sizing.pdf](https://ewh.ieee.org/r3atlanta/ias/2014-2015_Presentations/2015-04-20_EEE%20IAS%20Stationary%20Battery%20Sizing.pdf)

### DC Load Profile

Components	Load Current (A)	Nominal Voltage (V) DC	Inception and Active Shutout Time (Min.)	Power Requirement (remember to account for # of relays required)	Number of Components
34.5kV Breaker:	Tripping Current: 3.3A Closing Current: 2.6A	70 – 140 90 - 140	0 -1	231 - 343W 234 - 364W	
115kV Breaker:	Tripping Current: 3.3A Closing Current: 2.6A	70 – 140 90 - 140	239- 240	462 - 924W 324 – 504W	
SEL-411L		125	1 - 240		
SEL-311L		125	1 - 240		
SEL-4207		125	1 - 240		
SEL-487E		125	1 - 240		
SEL-451		125	1 - 240		
Battery Monitoring Equipment	0.024A	50 -180	1 - 240	6VA	
DC Ammeter	0.048A	125	1 - 240	3VA	
DC Voltmeter	0.048A	120	1 - 240	3VA	
SACO Annunciator (LB)		125	1 - 240		
Edwards Bell	0.012A	125	1 - 240	1.5VA	
Power Line Indicating Lamps (LEDs)	0.017A	125	1 - 240		8
	60 cell system	Continuous Load	Discontinuous Load Current		
		T = 0	T = 1 min	T = 240 min	

[https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1xRuWZ2yvrR49pMpPjpyQim3Ds8Mtx1fYL\\_kv4MVxrcck/edit?usp=sharing](https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1xRuWZ2yvrR49pMpPjpyQim3Ds8Mtx1fYL_kv4MVxrcck/edit?usp=sharing)

# Calculations

## Grounding calculation:

### Requirements:

1. Find the uniform soil resistivity ( $\rho_a$ ) in ohm-m using the given soil resistivity measurements.
2. Find the minimum conductor size (in kcmil) for a copper, soft-drawn grounding conductor. (Although the minimum value may be significantly smaller, 4/0 AWG is typically the smallest size conductor used in a substation grounding grid)
3. Find the tolerable Step ( $E_{STEP}$ ) and Touch ( $E_{TOUCH}$ ) voltages with a surface layer derating factor  $C_s = 0.8$ . (Note that equations 31-33 are labeled incorrectly as step equations. They are touch equations)
4. Design a square grid for the given substation area and find the maximum step ( $E_s$ ) and maximum mesh/touch ( $E_m$ ) voltages. Refine the ground grid design as needed so that the maximum step/touch voltages are less than the tolerable step/touch voltages that were found in problem 3. If needed, use ground rods with a length of 20'.
5. Provide a drawing of the ground grid in the proposed substation area showing grid spacing distances. Industry standard typically has the ground grid extend 3 feet outside the fence line.
6. Provide a short report that includes references, any assumptions made, and final results (please include equations and calculations, even if hand-written).

Task : Get the outer dimensions of substation fence for grounding calculation.

[https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1xRuWZ2yvrR49pMpPJpyQim3Ds8Mtx1fYL\\_kv4MVxrck/edit?usp=sharing](https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1xRuWZ2yvrR49pMpPJpyQim3Ds8Mtx1fYL_kv4MVxrck/edit?usp=sharing)

### Grounding calculation (IEEE 80)

Reference <https://community.ptc.com/sejnu66972/attachments/sejnu66972/PTCMathcad/175612/1/Earthing%20Exercise%20of>

#### Given parameters for grounding

Parameters	Value	Unit	Symbols
Maximum grid current	32	kA	
Fault duration for conductor sizing	1	s	
Shock duration	0.5	s	
Surface layer thickness	0.15	m	
Surface layer resistivity	3000	ohm-m	
Body weight	50	kg	
Ambient temperature	40	C	
Grounding conductor depth	0.15	m	

#### Parameters to calculate/find

Parameters	Value	Unit	Symbols
Number of parallel conductors			n
Spacing between n parallel conductors		m	D
grid conductor diameter		m	d
Total length of conductor in the horizontal grid		m	Lc
Perimeter length of grid		m	Lp
Area of the grid		m <sup>2</sup>	A
Max length in the x direction		m	Lx
Max length in the y direction		m	Ly
Max distance between any two points on the grid		m	Dm



# Equipment

- 34.5 kV PTs and CTs available from Kuhlman Electronic Corporation

chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/[https://library.e.abb.com/public/5e984f081be0b5ccc1257b13005740d7/34500%20section\\_updated\\_050212.pdf](https://library.e.abb.com/public/5e984f081be0b5ccc1257b13005740d7/34500%20section_updated_050212.pdf)

- 34.5 kV lightning arrester from Hubbell Power Systems

chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/[https://hubbellcdn.com/catalogfull/70-SurgeArresters1\\_IEEEandIEC.pdf](https://hubbellcdn.com/catalogfull/70-SurgeArresters1_IEEEandIEC.pdf)

- SEL-751 feeder protection relay (under/overvoltage, frequency, arc flash)

<https://selinc.com/products/751/>

- Possible switchgear

<https://hfy-substation.en.made-in-china.com/product/MSCnhjHBGvRd/China-Kyn61-40-5-Type-Electrical-Switchgear-and-Medium-Metal-Switchgear-Zs3-2-36kv.html>

- Possible station power transformers (45 kVA - 2.5 MVA)

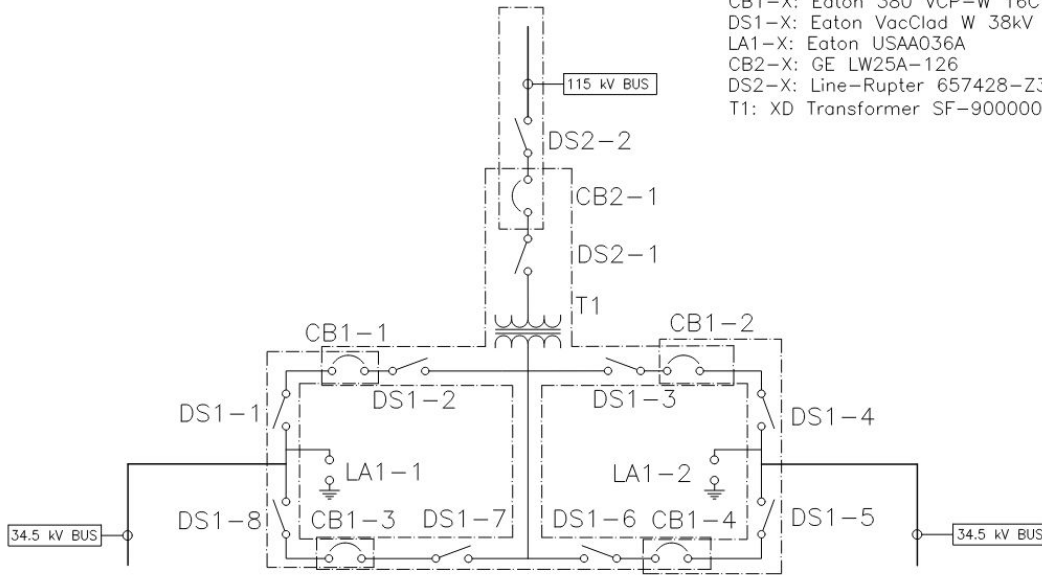
<https://hfy-substation.en.made-in-china.com/product-group/OekaQJLMYuhH/34-5kv-Pad-Mounted-Transformer-1.html>

[https://www.alibaba.com/product-detail/Three-phase-pad-mounted-34-5kv\\_1600245187315.html](https://www.alibaba.com/product-detail/Three-phase-pad-mounted-34-5kv_1600245187315.html)

<https://www.eaton.com/us/en-us/catalog/medium-voltage-power-distribution-control-systems/envirotran-three-phase-pad-mounted-transformers.html#tab-2>



# AutoCAD - One Line



CB1-X: Eaton 380 VCP-W 16C  
 DS1-X: Eaton VacClad W 38kV  
 LA1-X: Eaton USAA036A  
 CB2-X: GE LW25A-126  
 DS2-X: Line-Rupter 657428-Z3  
 T1: XD Transformer SF-900000/115

SEE SS110 FOR MORE INFO  
 SEE SS112 FOR MORE INFO  
 SEE SS114 FOR MORE INFO  
 SEE SS111 FOR MORE INFO  
 SEE SS113 FOR MORE INFO  
 SEE SS115 FOR MORE INFO

- Added lightning arrestors
- Found datasheets and nameplates for equipment

**SHEET LIST TABLE**

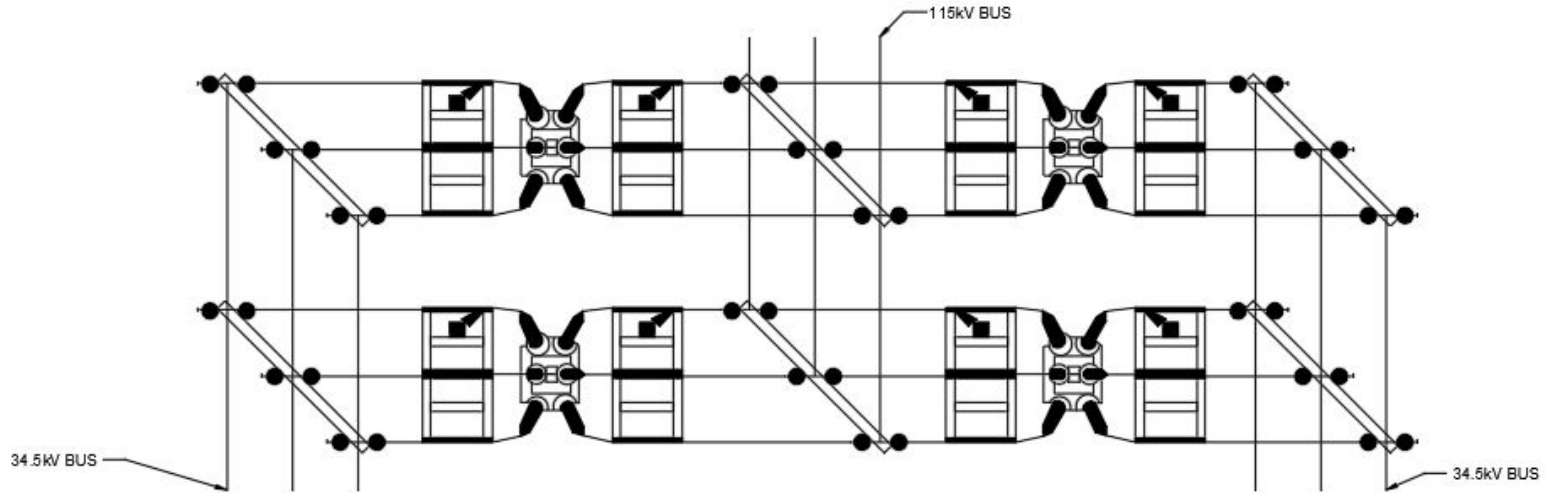
SHEET NUMBER	SHEET TITLE	SHEET NUMBER	SHEET TITLE
E100	PROJECT TITLE	SS100	SUB DESIGN SYMBOLS
S100	SITE PLAN	SS101	SUB ONE-LINE
S101	SITE KEYPLAN	SS102	SUB KEY PLAN
S102	SITE WIRING	SS103	SUB ONE-LINE DETAILS
PV100	SOLAR KEY PLAN	SS104	SUB GROUNDING INFO
PV101	OVERALL ARRAY LAYOUT	SS105	SUB LIGHTNING INFO
PV102	ARRAYS 1 - 12 LAYOUT	SS106	SUB ONE-LINE PLAN VIEW
PV103	ARRAYS 13 - 15 LAYOUT	SS107	FUTURE
PV104	WIRING ARRAYS 1 - 12	SS108	FUTURE
PV105	WIRING ARRAYS 13 - 15	SS109	FUTURE
PV106	SOLAR DESIGN DETAILS	SS110	CB1-X DATASHEET
PV107	AC ONE LINE	SS111	CB2-X DATASHEET
PV108	DC ONE LINE	SS112	DS1-X DATASHEET
PV109	STRING ONE LINE	SS113	DS2-X DATASHEET
PV110	PANEL DATASHEET	SS114	LA1-X DATASHEET
PV111	COMBINER BOX DATASHEET	SS115	T1 NAMEPLATE
PV112	SKID INVERTER DATASHEET		

① SUBSTATION ONE-LINE  
N.T.S.

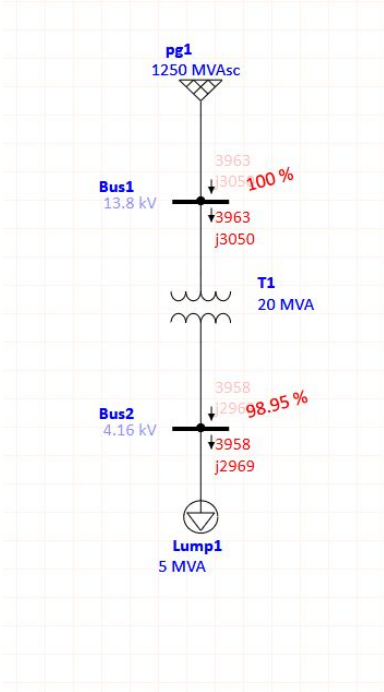




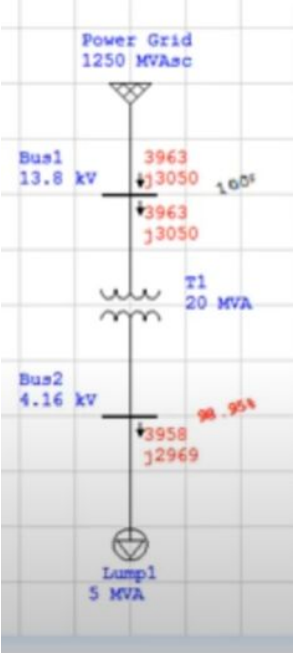
# AutoCAD - One Line Plan View



# ETAP - verification



Verification Result



Result from ETAP software

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nk3zBFGJGtw&t=86s>



# Questions

- Next steps?
  - Continue on calculations to find what to do
- Eli to send MM, Project context doc, drawing set

# Feedback and Updates

- Tasks: Updates
  - Bell: Calculations
  - Liam: Look for other vendor relays (ex. GE), equipment pricing
  - Eli: AutoCAD Equipment Schedules
  - Baylor: Autocad, ETAP, and calculations
  - Eduardo: Conduits
  - Chicheng: ETAP

